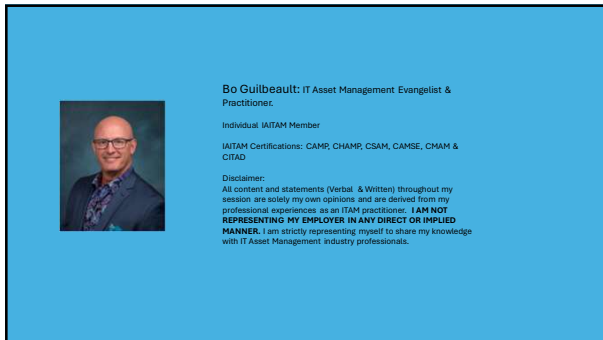




1



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3

Identify the team

The Owner(s) = Executive Sponsor(s)

Head Coach = ITAM Leader

Offensive/Defensive Coaches = Hardware, Software, Mobile and Asset Disposal

Players = Business disciplines (Sales, Finance, Security & Operations) driving the investments.

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Examples of what IT Asset Managers Think About?

Offense Securing and Protecting the organizations I.P. and Brand Program Management Policy Management Communication Management	Defense Governance Contractual Compliance Legislative Compliance Operational Efficiency
Financial Analytics (TCO, ROI) Right Sizing Spend Lifecycle Management	Inventory Tracking Discovery/Audit Chain of Custody Vendor Management
Special Teams ITAM Governance Committee Audit Response Team	

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Program Management

Create your Mission Statement

Set your Goals (Short & Long Term) and/or Roadmap (including timeline)

Identify your primary technology needs: Discovery Method(s) and Central Repository

Understand your Budget

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Policy Management

Policies are created to drive the behavior of employees relating to the responsibilities of the proper handling of technology thru the lifecycle.

They must be reasonable and enforceable, otherwise it's only a suggestion.

What are the current documented policies relating to technology and its usage?

Are they:

- Still relevant?
- Being enforced?

Optional: Create a task force

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Communication & Education Management

The framework for providing leadership and fellow employees timely and accurate information related to our Technology operations.

- Determine what you want to communicate.
- How will you communicate to the organization?
- What is the Frequency of communication efforts?

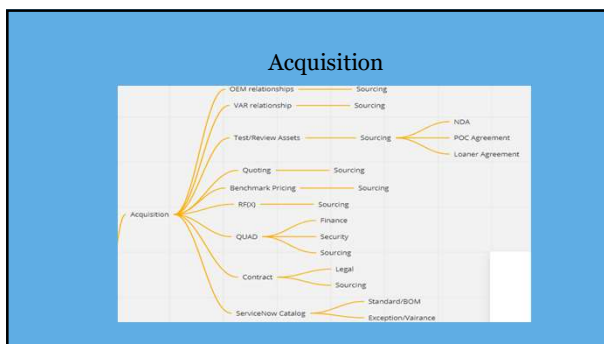
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Acquisition Management

Provides our company the framework to conduct business with a 3rd parties enabling the usage of desired technologies within our environment.

- Creating and enforcing the usage of Master Services/Purchase Agreements
- Understanding the market and key players
- Creating and maintaining Standards – Building a catalog

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Asset I.D. including Discovery/Audit

Providing the ability to provide timely and accurate line of sight to the technology investments of the company.

Network, Semi and Fully Automated Discovery: UPC Tag

- Serial Number
- MAC Address

What are the required data attributes to be collected?

The primary drivers for "physical" asset tags can be:

- Data Bearing
- Cost
- Mobility
- Disposal tags

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Compliance – Contracts & Legislation

Mitigating the possibilities of going to court.

Current State:

- Who reviews and has ability to execute/sign the contracts?
- What terms of the contract need to be communicated and understood by team members?
- When does the term of the contract expire?
- Where are the current contracts currently residing? (individual or centralized in sourcing or legal)

Response team:

- How do we respond as an organization to a "potential" infraction related to our legal responsibilities?

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Disposal Management

What do we do with the technologies that are no longer wanted?

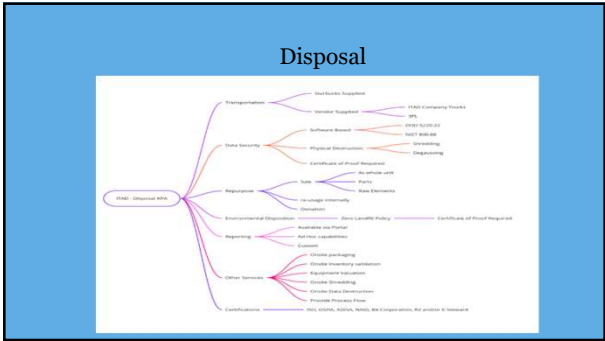
Internal questions to ask:

- What do we want to outsource to a 3rd party?
 - Logistics Management
 - Freight Haul
 - Data Security – External validation of Data being destroyed
 - Donating and/or Selling the no longer wanted technology
 - Landfill avoidance

Remember Outsourcing functionality to a 3rd party does not exonerate your organization from liabilities.

Exercise Due Diligence!!

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Documentation

What are the important documents/artifacts required to understand and prove "due diligence" efforts.

Where will they be stored and who should have access?

Examples:

- Evaluation Contracts
- Purchasing contracts
- Statement of Work Documents
- Inventory check in/out sheets
- Bill of Lading (BOL)
- Bill of Sales
- Transfer of Title

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Financial Management

How do we as an organization "right size spend?"

Financial Models

- Purchase
- Lease
- (X) as a Service

Example analytics:

- Cost Benefit
- Annual Operational Cost
- Total Cost of Ownership
- Return on Investment

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Project Management

What are the current activities directly or indirectly impacting ITAM?

Examples:

- Company divesture or purchase
- Lifecycle (upgrades & refresh)
- New Technology
- Removal Technology
- Vendor Change

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Vendor Management

Providing the Framework for evaluating and contracting services from 3rd party organizations.

Considerations:

- Experience
- Financially sound
- Leadership
- Scorecards
- Onboarding
- Offboarding
- Sole Source, Champion/Challenger
- Frequency of operational performance reviews
- Evaluation Teams
- RF(X)

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The slide features five icons at the top: a padlock, a document, a stack of money, a server rack, and a smartphone. Below each icon is a value and a description:

- \$20B**: RISK MITIGATION 20% Market Impact of Data Breach
- \$1B**: CONTRACT VALUE Technologies to be purchased
- \$100B**: BRAND MARKET VALUE
- \$200M**: ANNUAL BUDGET Spend on technology and services
- \$800M**: ASSET VALUE 100K serialised devices

ITAM – What is important to know and understand

- Protecting (XXX) Brand and I.P.
- Proving compliance as related to Contractual and Legislative obligations
- Calculating Financial data for impactful business decisions
- Following the Chain of Custody of our technology inventory and assets

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Thank you
Questions?

I am happy to connect and share experiences.

IT | TECHNOLOGY NAME

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First things First – The Program
Examples:

Create your Mission Statement:
Design and deliver the ITAM framework necessary for impactful decision making based on the most accurate data available; including but not limited to internal policies, financial implications, contractual obligations and inventory controls

Set your goals – short term and long term

1. Protect the Brand by understanding the chain of custody during the entire lifecycle and beyond for our technology-based assets.
2. Identify opportunities for "right sizing" budgets and spend relating to technology.
3. Identify opportunities to capture residual value of technologies no longer in production environment.
4. Contribute data points for our environmental goals and efforts

Identify your technology needs

1. Discovery methodologies
2. Central Repository

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